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For Office (1) Lispocial Schooluling Use Only; (4) Lispoposium/340W Fungicidal Activity of Histatin-5 against Candida Species.

H. NIKAWA, C. JIN, H. FUKUSHIMA, S. MAKIHIRA, T. HAMADA, ¹L.P. SAMARANAYAKE. (Hiroshima Univ, Hiroshima, Japan, ¹Hong Kong Univ, China).

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Histatin-5 (Hsn-5) is a group of small, cationic antifungal peptides present in human saliva and several recent reports have suggested its therapeutic potential in patients with oral candidosis. However, little information is available on the antifungal activity of the peptide agaist either Candida albicans isolates from HIV-infected patients or against non-albicans Candida species. Hence, we analysed the fungicidal potential of Hsn-5 against 32 isolates of Candida spp. representing 6 species. Namely 2 isolates of C. albicans from HIV-positive patients, 4 from HIVnegative individuals, 4 of C. guilliermondii, 8 of C. glabrata, 4 of C. parapsilosis, 4 of C. krusei and 6 of C. tropicalis. Antifungal activity of Hsn-5 was examined according to the method of Edgerton et al. (J. Biol. Chem. 273: 20438-20447, 1998). Exposure to 50µM of Hsn-5 for 90 min, at 37 °C, killed 90% (approx.) of C, albicans isolates from HIV-negative patients, 95% of C. tropicalis and C. guilliermondii isolates, and more than 90% of C. parapsilosis and C. krusei isolates. In contrast, Hsn-5 induced 66 - 75% loss of viability of two C. albicans isolates from HIV-positive patients, compared with 90-100% fungicidal effect against 4 isolates from HIV negative patients (ANOVA; p<0.05). In addition, C. glabrata were the least sensitive to the peptide (mean 63%; ANOVA; p<0.01). These results in general suggest that i) oral C. albicans isolates in HIVinfection are more resistant to Hsn-5 than isolates from healthy individuals and ii) of the examined species C. grabtara is the most resistant to this peptide.

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