



## Complete Genome Sequence for *Treponema* sp. OMZ 838 (ATCC 700772, DSM 16789), Isolated from a Necrotizing Ulcerative Gingivitis Lesion

Yuki Chan,<sup>a</sup> Angel P. Y. Ma,<sup>b</sup> Donnabella C. Lacap-Bugler,<sup>c</sup> Yong-Biao Huo,<sup>a</sup> W. Keung Leung,<sup>c</sup> Frederick C. Leung,<sup>b,d</sup>
<sup>®</sup> Rory M. Watt<sup>a</sup>

Oral Biosciences, Faculty of Dentistry, The University of Hong Kong, Pok Fu Lam, Hong Kong SAR, China<sup>a</sup>; School of Biological Sciences, Faculty of Science, The University of Hong Kong, Pok Fu Lam, Hong Kong SAR, China<sup>b</sup>; Oral Diagnosis and Polyclinics, Faculty of Dentistry, The University of Hong Kong, Pok Fu Lam, Hong Kong SAR, China<sup>c</sup>; Bioinformatics Center, Nanjing Agricultural University, Jiangsu, China<sup>d</sup>

Y.C. and A.P.Y.M. contributed equally to this work.

The oral treponeme bacterium *Treponema* sp. OMZ 838 was originally isolated from a human necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis (NUG) lesion. Its taxonomic status remains uncertain. The complete genome sequence length was determined to be 2,708,067 bp, with a G+C content of 44.58%, and 2,236 predicted coding DNA sequences (CDS).

Received 11 November 2014 Accepted 20 November 2014 Published 24 December 2014

Citation Chan Y, Ma APY, Lacap-Bugler DC, Huo Y-B, Keung Leung W, Leung FC, Watt RM. 2014. Complete genome sequence for *Treponema* sp. OMZ 838 (ATCC 700772, DSM 16789), isolated from a necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis lesion. Genome Announc. 2(6):e01333-14. doi:10.1128/genomeA.01333-14.

Copyright © 2014 Chan et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported license. Address correspondence to Frederick C. Leung, fcleung@hkucc.hku.hk, or Rory M. Watt, rmwatt@hku.hk.

Spirochete bacteria belonging to the genus *Treponema* are implicated in the etiology of various polymicrobial biofilm infections of the oral cavity. These include periodontal diseases such as periodontitis and gingivitis, as well as endodontic infections (1, 2, 3). Treponemes are also implicated in the etiology of necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis (NUG) (4). Closely related treponeme taxa play pathological roles in anaerobic polymicrobial tissuedestructive diseases in animals (5, 6).

Treponema sp. OMZ 838 (37F9HE; ATCC 700772, DSM 16789) was originally isolated by C. Wyss (University of Zurich) in 1998; from microbial biofilm originally sampled from a NUG lesion in the oral cavity of a 31-year-old Chinese male from northeast China (patient code 37 [7]). This strain is unreported in the scientific literature, but the patient group has been previously described (7, 8). It was originally deposited in the ATCC under the name "Treponema vincentii," which has no official standing in taxonomy (2).

*Treponema* sp. OMZ 838 was obtained directly from C. Wyss and was cultured anaerobically in tryptone-yeast extract-gelatin-volatile fatty acids-serum (TYGVS) medium (9). Genomic DNA was purified (QIAamp DNA minikit; Qiagen, Germany); and sequencing was performed on a 454 Life Sciences GS junior system (Bioinformatics Center, Nanjing Agricultural University, Jiangsu, China). An initial shotgun library generated 238,378 reads, and a subsequent 8-kbp span paired-end library yielded 124,329 reads. The combined libraries generated sequencing data with an average of  $56 \times$  coverage. The *de novo* assembly (454 Newbler version 2.7) yielded 23 large contigs with an  $N_{50}$  contig size of 561,149 bp in 4 scaffolds. Gaps were closed by PCR and Sanger sequencing.

The *Treponema* sp. OMZ 838 genome is 2,708,067 bp in length, with a G+C content of 44.58%. Sequence data were annotated using the PGAAP pipeline of the NCBI, following the best-placed reference protein set (GeneMarkS+ version 2.7). The complete

genome has 2,236 coding sequences (CDS), with 63 pseudogenes, 47 tRNA genes, and two copies of the 5S, 16S, and 23S rRNA gene cluster.

Of note, the genome encodes a major surface protein (MSP) homologue of 492 amino acids (locus tag JO41\_03600), which is implicated in various pathological activities (10–13). It putatively comprises three domains analogous to those previously identified in MSP from *Treponema denticola* (13). This protein shares 64.9% and 67.5% amino acid (aa) identity, respectively, with the MSP homologues encoded by "*Treponema vincentii*" ATCC 35580 (511 aa; locus tag TREVI0001\_2098 and accession number EEV20349.1), and *Treponema medium* ATCC 700293<sup>T</sup> (508 aa; locus tag HMPREF9195\_00983; accession number EPF29199.1). We envisage that the *Treponema* sp. OMZ 838 ("*Treponema sinensis*") genome sequence reported here will significantly aid the clarification of taxonomic, phylogenetic, and pathobiological issues concerning treponemes found in oral and nonoral niches within humans and higher animals.

**Nucleotide sequence accession number.** The *Treponema* sp. OMZ 838 genome sequence was deposited in GenBank under the accession number CP009227.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

This research was supported by a General Research Fund award from the Research Grants Council (RGC) of Hong Kong (781911) (to R.M.W.). We also acknowledge financial support from the Infection and Immunology Strategic Research Theme of The University of Hong Kong, and partial funding support from the Bioinformatics Center, Nanjing Agricultural University. We thank Manreet Brar (School of Biological Sciences, The University of Hong Kong) and Jiang Jingwei (Bioinformatics Center, Nanjing Agricultural University, Jiangsu, China) for their excellent bioinformatics support and technical assistance.

## **REFERENCES**

- Ellen RP, Galimanas VB. 2005. Spirochetes at the forefront of periodontal infections. Periodontol. 2000 38:13–32. http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0757.2005.00108.x.
- Chan ECS, McLaughlin R. 2000. Taxonomy and virulence of oral spirochetes. Oral Microbiol. Immunol. 15:1–9. http://dx.doi.org/10.1034/j.1399-302x.2000.150101.x.
- Sakamoto M, Siqueira JF, Jr, Rôças IN, Benno Y. 2009. Diversity of spirochetes in endodontic infections. J. Clin. Microbiol. 47:1352–1357. http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/JCM.02016-08.
- Rowland RW. 1999. Necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis. Ann. Periodontol. 4:65–73. http://dx.doi.org/10.1902/annals.1999.4.1.65.
- Edwards AM, Dymock D, Jenkinson HF. 2003. From tooth to hoof: treponemes in tissue-destructive diseases. J. Appl. Microbiol. 94:767–780. http://dx.doi.org/10.1046/j.1365-2672.2003.01901.x.
- 6. Klitgaard K, Boye M, Capion N, Jensen TK. 2008. Evidence of multiple *Treponema* phylotypes involved in bovine digital dermatitis as shown by 16S rRNA gene analysis and fluorescence *in situ* hybridization. J. Clin. Microbiol. 46:3012–3020. http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/JCM.00670-08.
- Wyss C, Dewhirst FE, Gmür R, Thurnheer T, Xue Y, Schüpbach P, Guggenheim B, Paster BJ. 2001. *Treponema parvum* sp. nov., a small, glucoronic or galacturonic acid-dependent oral spirochaete from lesions of human periodontitis and acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis. Int. J.

- Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 51:955–962. http://dx.doi.org/10.1099/00207713 -51-3-955.
- Gmür R, Wyss C, Xue Y, Thurnheer T, Guggenheim B. 2004. Gingival crevice microbiota from Chinese patients with gingivitis or necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis. Eur. J. Oral Sci. 112:33–41. http://dx.doi.org/ 10.1111/j.0909-8836.2004.00103.x.
- Fenno JC. 2005. Laboratory maintenance of *Treponema denticola*. Curr. Protoc. Microbiol. Chapter 12:Unit 12.B.1. http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/9780471729259.mc12b01s00.
- Mathers DA, Leung WK, Fenno JC, Hong Y, McBride BC. 1996. The major surface protein complex of *Treponema denticola* depolarizes and induces ion channels in HeLa cell membranes. Infect. Immun. 64: 2904–2910.
- 11. Fenno JC, Müller KH, McBride BC. 1996. Sequence analysis, expression, and binding activity of recombinant major outer sheath protein (Msp) of *Treponema denticola*. J. Bacteriol. 178:2489–2497.
- Fenno JC, Hannam PM, Leung WK, Tamura M, Uitto VJ, McBride BC. 1998. Cytopathic effects of the major surface protein and the chymotrypsinlike protease of *Treponema denticola*. Infect. Immun. 66: 1869–1877.
- Edwards AM, Jenkinson HF, Woodward MJ, Dymock D. 2005. Binding properties and adhesion-mediating regions of the major sheath protein of *Treponema denticola* ATCC 35405. Infect. Immun. 73:2891–2898. http:// dx.doi.org/10.1128/IAI.73.5.2891-2898.2005.