Natural progression of periodontal disease determined by a computerized analysis system

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The Corin一部 Pfizer periodontal disease study was conducted to determine periodontal treatment needs in different countries. The aim of this study was to investigate the effects of age, the presence and severity of some periodontal disease, and smoking status on CPI-T and CPI-T4, in particular in a group of smokers and non-smokers. Five hundred and thirty-eight volunteers aged 18-84 were examined using CPI-T and CPI-T4. The effect of smoking on the distribution of CPI-T scores was assessed using the test (Kruskal-Wallis test for one-way ANOVA). The data were divided into five categories: absence or presence of smokers, presence or absence of smokers, and smokers and non-smokers. The data were analyzed using the test (Kruskal-Wallis test for one-way ANOVA) and the results were presented as means and standard deviations. The Kruskal-Wallis test was used to compare the distribution of CPI-T scores between smokers and non-smokers. The results were significant at the 0.05 level.


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