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<th><strong>Title</strong></th>
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<td><strong>Author(s)</strong></td>
<td>Luo, Y; Lo, ECM; Fang, DTS; Smales, RJ; Wei, SHY</td>
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<td><strong>Citation</strong></td>
<td>The 79th General Session and Exhibition of the International Association for Dental Research, Chiba, Japan, 27-30 June 2001. In Journal of Dental Research, 2001, v. 80 Sp Iss, p. 642, abstract no. 922</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Issued Date</strong></td>
<td>2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>URL</strong></td>
<td><a href="http://hdl.handle.net/10722/53916">http://hdl.handle.net/10722/53916</a></td>
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Clinical Performance of Dyract AP Compomer--2-year Results

Y. LUO*, E.C.M. LO, D.T.S. FANG, R.J. SMALES, S.H.Y. WEI (Faculty of Dentistry, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong)

The aim of this study is to evaluate the clinical performance of a compomer restorative system, Dyract AP placed in combination with Non-Rinse Conditioner and Prime&Bond NT (Dentsply DeTrey, Konstanz, Germany) in permanent posterior teeth. Fifty Class II and 41 Class I restorations were placed in 39 patients. The restorations were evaluated directly at baseline and after 6, 12 and 24 months using the USPHS-Ryge criteria. Clinical photographs, polyvinylsiloxane impressions and bitewing radiographs of each restoration were taken for indirect assessments. After 2 years, all 76 evaluated restorations were in situ. Color matching ability and surface characteristics were excellent. A gradual deterioration in marginal discoloration and marginal integrity was noted. The percentages of Alfa score for each criterion were: color match 96.1%, marginal discoloration 50.0%, marginal integrity 26.3%, anatomic form 97.4% and surface texture 94.7%. The mean wear values were 18.5µm, 35.7µm and 55.9µm after 6, 12 and 24 months respectively. There was no statistically significant difference relating to each criterion between Class I and II restorations (Fisher’s exact test, p > 0.05). Five restorations (6.6%) exhibited partial fracture or recurrent caries. In conclusion, the good clinical performance, especially the improved wear resistance, suggests that the Dyract AP restorative system can be used satisfactorily as a direct tooth-colored restorative in stress-bearing areas. Supported in part by a grant from the University of Hong Kong, and a grant from Dentsply DeTrey.

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6. Post Graduate

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8. General Purpose

9. Area of Review (check only one):

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(4) Craniofacial Biology—Molecular

(5) Other: [If other, please specify]

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