<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Cataloguing for the world: motivation, method and madness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Author(s)</td>
<td>Sidorko, PE; Lam, CSL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citation</td>
<td>The 5th OCLC Asia Pacific Membership Conference, Bangkok, Thailand, 7-8 October 2013.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issued Date</td>
<td>2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URL</td>
<td><a href="http://hdl.handle.net/10722/198280">http://hdl.handle.net/10722/198280</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rights</td>
<td>This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Cataloguing for the world: motivation, method and madness

Peter Sidorko, Connie Lam
University of Hong Kong Libraries

OCLC Asia Pacific Regional Council Membership Conference
8 October 2013, Bangkok, Thailand
Outline

- HKUL
- Cataloging in HKUL
- Chinese e-resources cataloguing
- Challenges and solutions
- Cataloguing outputs
HKUL

- Established in 1912
- Comprises 1 main library + 6 branches

Collection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Print</th>
<th>Electronic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Books</td>
<td>2.96 million</td>
<td>3.58 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Journals</td>
<td>51,513</td>
<td>81,886</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Staff

Professionals: 32
Support staff: 197

figures as of June 2013
Cataloging in HKUL

Technical services

HKU Scholars Hub (Institutional Repository)

Cataloguing

Acquisitions

CJK+ AV team

Western + ER team
Objectives of HKUL Cataloguing

- Provide our users quality bibliographic records in timely manner.
  - Catalog individual titles in databases to easy the search for our users.
  - Employ all kinds of technology to speed up the workflow to allow our users have promptly access.

- We focus on our users ➔ Cataloguing for our users.
Challenges we encountered

- Rapid increases of e-resources

**ebooks**

![Bar chart showing rapid increases in books from 2003 to 2013](image)

**ejournals**

![Bar chart showing rapid increases in journals from 2003 to 2013](image)
Challenges we encountered

- Decreases of cataloguing staff

![Bar chart showing decreases of cataloguing staff from 2002 to 2013. The chart compares support staff and professional staff.](image)
What can we do?

- Collection
- Staffing

➡ Vendor supplied records

- For Western e-resources, especially the large package, we rely on vendor records. The quality of the records normally are acceptable.
- But for Chinese e-resources …..
The e-Chinese Collection in HKUL

- Major acquisitions (to 2005):
  - 1998: Sikuquanshu （四庫全書）
  - 1999: China Journal Net (China Academic Journal) 5,000+ titles
  - 2000: China Core Newspapers Database
    China Doctors & Masters Dissertations
  - 2002: Sibucongkan （四部叢刊）
  - 2003: Apabi e-book around 40,000 titles
  - 2005: SuperStar Digital Library around 400,000 titles
Our journey in cataloguing Chinese ER

- Chinese Journal Net (CAJ)
  - With the limited information provided by vendor, we started our cataloguing project in 2000.
  - Only a title list in print format. No ISSN, no information on title relationship, no coverage details.
  - We requested vendor to provide more detail information in excel file in later stage, which helped to speed up the cataloging work.
  - The project completed in 2004. We spent 4 years for around 5000 titles.
Our journey in cataloguing Chinese ER

- With the large amount of Chinese ebooks purchased, we asked for Marc records.

- Vendor provided Marc records
  - Problems with the Chinese scripts.
  - Not follow AACR2.
  - Improper tag used, incorrect indicators used.
  - Not follow LC Pinyin guidelines.
  - Multi-records for multi-volume set
  - Multi-records for serial titles.
Our journey in cataloguing Chinese ER

- Communicated with vendor for desired standard.
- Provided advice to enhance the records
- Provided example records to vendor.
- Spent months in communication ➔ no good news ➔ Dead end???

- Why vendor unable to fulfill our requirements
  - Records were generated by metadata in database
  - Problems cannot be tackled by program
In the meantime ...

Message from the Librarian
HKU Libraries is Second in WorldCat’s Top Ten

Anthony Ferguson

We were pleasantly surprised to learn last month that HKU Libraries is the 2nd largest contributor of original cataloging records to the year to the WorldCat database of the Online Computer Library Center. A membership organization made up of 90,000 libraries in 84 countries. Our 45,758 records submitted to this database proved a large revenue to the Libraries, and also placed us ahead of such famous and large libraries as the Library of Congress, the British Library, etc. The University of Oxford Library came first with 31,000 records. HKU Libraries second, and the Center for Research Libraries (USA) placed first with 63,549 records. For the second year in a row, our contribution has exceeded 40,000. This is a reflection of the massive amount of work that our Technical Services staff members are able to do year after year.

With such budget cuts, this high contribution of unique records is only one way that HKU Libraries is able to draw back some of the costs, and in some cases, pay completely for some of the many services we subscribe to and offer our users.

With over 12,000 libraries contributing records to WorldCat, and with over 33 million records, this database is the definitive worldwide union catalogue. When searching WorldCat, the record is usually already entered, so many libraries and so many libraries buying and cataloging the same material. It is very rare for libraries to enter many unique records in the way that HKU Libraries has done and continues to do. We have always been able to do this because the nature of our cataloged records is relatively close to other available contributions to WorldCat. We are the largest catalogue of Chinese materials in WorldCat. We are the largest catalogue of Chinese materials and ebooks in WorldCat. On the other hand, for most of our English language materials, instead of contributing records, we download records from WorldCat.

As the largest and premier cataloguing database of the world, WorldCat allows contributing members such as HKU Libraries to share resources worldwide with other libraries and universities. In this manner we can increase HKU’s reputation and further fulfill its mission of disseminating knowledge. End-users use WorldCat for information discovery. Upon finding that it resides in HKU Libraries.

WorldCat

Top 10 original cataloguers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organisation</th>
<th>Original Records</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Center for Research Libraries</td>
<td>46,840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Hong Kong</td>
<td>46,798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Oxford</td>
<td>39,922</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Ohio State University</td>
<td>28,040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Wisconsin</td>
<td>24,787</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bodleian Library</td>
<td>23,047</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of California, Berkeley</td>
<td>21,622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore National Library</td>
<td>19,186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Union Theological Seminary</td>
<td>10,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Texas at Austin</td>
<td>16,205</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fiscal 2004
Our journey in cataloguing Chinese ER

With severe budget cuts, this high contribution of unique records is one way that HKU Libraries is able to claw back some of the costs, and in some cases, pay completely for some of the many services we subscribe to and offer our users.

+ contributors to WorldCat. We are the largest cataloguer of Chinese materials in WorldCat. We are the largest cataloguer of Chinese ejournals and ebooks in WorldCat. On the other hand, for most of our English language materials, instead of contributing records, we download records from WorldCat.

= Way out
Our journey in cataloguing Chinese ER

- We decided:
  - Request vendors to provide title lists with the following data in excel file:
    - Author
    - Title
    - Publisher
    - ISBN
    - Direct url
    - Control number
  - Create records ourselves, upload to OCLC to earn more credits.
Our strategy

- Handle titles we have print records first.
- We estimated that 20-30% of the titles have print records in HKUL catalog.
- Based on the title list, we developed scripts
  - To search ISBN or title of print records in HKUL catalog.
  - To generate records based on the print records.
  - To add url and control number to records.
  - To use “Global update function” to convert records from print to electronic.
Try and error process

- Search titles by program → Fail
  - Simply rely on title is not reliable.
  - A lot of titles in the file have errors.
  - Same title sometimes has duplicate entries due to
    - Different punctuation used
    - Simplified/Traditional characters
    - Different space used
  - We tried one batch and found that too much effort required for the clean up.
Try and error process

- Search ISBN by program → Fail
  - The matching rate is much lower than our estimation.
  - Some publishers use same ISBN.
    - For different titles.
    - For same title, but different editions.
  - We used ISBN program to process 3 batches and have to re-check every title in these batches to ensure the records are correct.
Our solution

- The title list provided has a lot of incorrect data and duplicated entries.
- Manually search for matching records is the only solution.
- We expand the search to other libraries via Z39.5 and also OCLC.
- We set up a small project team for cataloguing of Chinese e-books.
Our tactics

- Outsourcing cataloguing of Western monographs to free some manpower.
- Load vendor supplied records to our catalog for patron driven acquisition package without editing.
  - Not to waste time to handle titles we don’t buy
  - Upgrade those titles we purchased
- Minimize local practice
  - Give up all local practices, except Hong Kong subject headings for Hong Kong materials.
Our tactics

- Plan more before action.
  - Analyze title list to locate serial titles, collectanea and have them excluded from searching list.

- Members of the newly set up team are mainly responsible for searching.
  - Minimal training
  - High productivity

- Gradually develop their cataloging skills by assigning different tasks based on performance.
Our tactics

- Task breakdown
  - Searching
  - Descriptive cataloging
  - Authority checking
  - Call number and subject assigning
  - Review and quality control

- Matching work with staff skills
  - Tasks are allocated to staff according to experience and knowledge
  - Staff only handle tasks they are able to handle
Our outcomes

- Titles in collectanea which are not searchable in the databases, can be located by searching HKUL catalog.
- More precise title information in HKUL catalog than the databases which help users to locate the resources easily.
- By uploading records to OCLC and with Open WorldCat, our users can identify the e-books by searching on the web. Our collection becomes more visible.
### TITLES (1-2 of 2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Call No.</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>艾倫麗輝 electronic resource</td>
<td>1439-1509</td>
<td>Kuo shu she</td>
<td>1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>艾倫麗輝 electronic resource</td>
<td>1439-1509</td>
<td>Kuo shu she</td>
<td>1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#</td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>发挥革命电子资源]：革命 / 正义旗帜。</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>准备电子资源]：革命 / 正义旗帜。</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>准备电子资源]：革命 / 正义旗帜。</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>革命电子资源]：革命 / 正义旗帜。</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>革命电子资源]：革命 / 正义旗帜。</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>革命电子资源]：革命 / 正义旗帜。</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>革命电子资源]：革命 / 正义旗帜。</td>
<td>1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Our outcomes

- We developed our skills and knowledge in:
  - Planning the work
  - Monitoring the workflow
  - Employing different automated tools
The e-Chinese Collection in HKUL

- Major acquisitions (from 2005)
  - 2008:
    - China yearbook full-text database
    - China reference works online
  - 2009:
    - Database of Chinese classic ancient books (中國基本古籍庫)
    - Taiwan electronic periodical services
    - Apabi e-references
  - 2010: Chinamaxx digital library
  - 2011: China online journals. [Medical journals]
  - 2012: Wanfang video. Medicine
Chinese e-resources we cataloged

- Chinese e-journals: 18,273 titles
- Chinese e-books: 447,051 titles
- Chinese e-news: 947 titles

We manage to have records for all our e-resources, except:

- Chinamaxx digital library (50% cataloged)
- China Doctors & Masters Dissertations (no title list provided)
Collection sets in OCLC

- Colleagues in US learnt that we have all China academic journals (CAJ) cataloged and urged OCLC to approach us for creating a collection set.
- We created our first set for CAJ in 2006
- Added another set for China Yearbook Full-Text Database in 2009
- We maintain the updates of these two sets
Cataloging outputs

- Top 3 original catalogers in OCLC since 2004

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Are we mad?

- While others are accepting vendor records even they are poor in quality, we decide to create records by our own.
- While others are waiting for records in OCLC for downloading, we contribute huge amount of records to OCLC.
- NO!
  - It is because we understand both ways are unable to provide our users quality records in timely manner.
Conclusion

- Cataloging for our users is our objective.
- Cataloging for the world is the side effect.
Thank You!

Peter Sidorko
peters@hku.hk

Connie Lam
csllam@hku.hk